



Women History Month

MARGARET MEAD

Reading Comprehension



COMPREHENSION QUESTIONS

6. In addition to her scholarly work, Margaret Mead was known for being a professional athlete.

COMPREHENSION QUESTIONS

NAME: _____

DATE: _____

DIRECTIONS: CHOOSE THE CORRECT ANSWER.

1. Where was Margaret Mead born?
a) New York City
b) Philadelphia
c) Samoa
d) London

2. In which decade did Margaret Mead conduct her research on adolescence and culture?
a) 1910s
b) 1920s
c) 1930s
d) 1940s

3. What influential book did Margaret Mead co-author?
a) Cultural Diversity and Change
b) Exploring Anthropology
c) Coming of Age in Samoa
d) The Western Notion of Masculinity

4. Margaret Mead's work challenged prevailing Western notions of the universality of certain behaviors and norms.
a) Globalization
b) Cultural isolation
c) Universality of certain behaviors
d) Scientific determinism

5. What did Margaret Mead's research contribute to?
a) Ethnobotany
b) Political systems
c) Diversity of human cultures
d) Astrophysics

MARGARET MEAD



Continuing our exploration of Women's History Month, we turn our attention to Margaret Mead, a pioneering anthropologist whose groundbreaking work transformed the understanding of culture, gender roles, and human behavior. Born in Philadelphia in 1901, Mead's impactful career took her to various corners of the globe, leaving an enduring mark on the field of anthropology.

Margaret Mead's early interest in anthropology led her to Samoa in the 1920s, where she conducted groundbreaking research on adolescence and cultural influences on behavior. Her findings, notably presented in the influential book "Coming of Age in Samoa," challenged prevailing Western notions of the universality of certain behaviors and norms.

Throughout her career, Mead continued to explore the intersections of culture, personality, and society. Her research emphasized the diversity of human experiences, shedding light on the fluidity of gender roles and the influence of cultural factors on individual development. Mead's work laid the foundation for a more nuanced understanding of human societies and the impact of cultural practices on shaping human behavior.

Beyond her scholarly contributions, Margaret Mead was a prominent public intellectual and advocate for social issues. Her engaging writing and public lectures made anthropology accessible to a broader audience, fostering a greater appreciation for culture and its role in shaping human behavior.

learning about Margaret Mead's anthropology, encourages a perspective in unders disciplines.

As we celebrate Women's History Month, Margaret Mead's legacy serves as a reminder of the transformative power of cross-cultural understanding and the

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READING PASSAGES WITH TEXT DEPENDENT QUESTIONS

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Beyond her scholarly contributions, Margaret Mead was a prominent public intellectual and advocate for social issues. Her engaging writing and public lectures made anthropology accessible to a broader audience, fostering a greater appreciation for cultural diversity and the interconnectedness of human societies.

Learning about Margaret Mead provides an introduction to the field of anthropology, encouraging discussions about cultural diversity, the importance of perspective in understanding societies, and the role of women in academic disciplines.

As we celebrate Women's History Month, Margaret Mead's legacy serves as a reminder of the transformative power of cross-cultural understanding and the influential role women play in shaping our understanding of the world.

COMPREHENSION QUESTIONS

6. In addition to her scholarly work, Margaret Mead was known for being a

- a) Professional athlete
- b) Visual artist
- c) Public intellectual
- d) Military strategist

7. Which book by Margaret Mead challenged Western notions about gender roles and cultural influences on behavior?

- a) Society and Civilization

ANALYSIS QUESTIONS

DATE: _____

1. RESTATE THE CORRECT ANSWER.

What was Mead born?

a more nuanced

to her academic pursuits?

2. ANALYZE THE TEXT. How did Margaret Mead conduct groundbreaking research in Samoa?

3. EVALUATE THE TEXT. What did Margaret Mead write based on her research in Samoa? and Human Behavior
c) Biological Universals
d) Samoa
e) Sociological Perspectives on Behavior

4. Margaret Mead's work challenged which prevailing notion?

- a) Globalization
- b) Cultural isolation
- c) Universality of certain behaviors
- d) Scientific determinism

5. What did Margaret Mead emphasize in her research?

- a) Ethnobotany
- b) Political systems
- c) Diversity of human experiences
- d) Astrophysics

Ready to Print

READING COMPREHENSION

ANSWERS

- 1. b) Philadelphia
- 2. b) 1901
- 3. c) Coming of Age in Samoa
- 4. c) Diversity of human experiences
- 5. c) Public intellectual
- 6. c) Coming of Age in Samoa
- 7. a) Human societies
- 8. a) Social issues
- 9. c) Cross-cultural understanding

CLOSE READING GRAPHIC ORGNIZERS INCLUDED


GROUP ACTIVITY

TITLE OF TEXT _____

WHAT I THINK _____

ANNOTATING MARKS

- ✓ Circle powerful words or phrases.
- ✓ Underline words or phrases you do not understand.
- ✓ Place a question mark next to words or phrases that make you think.
- ✓ Write an exclamation mark next to something that surprises you.



SUMMARIZE

Write a summary of the passage. The main idea should be stated in your first sentence. Then use the four details to write four supporting sentences. Close your summary by restating the main idea.

NAME: _____

MAIN IDEA

TITLE OF TEXT _____

NAME: _____

MAIN IDEA _____

SUPPORTING DETAILS #1 _____

SUPPORTING DETAILS #2 _____

SUPPORTING DETAILS #3 _____

SUPPORTING DETAILS #4 _____

VOCABULARY GRAPHIC ORGNIZER

TITLE OF TEXT _____

NAME: _____

UNKNOWN WORD	UNKNOWN WORD	UNKNOWN WORD
_____	_____	_____
CLUES FROM TEXT & MEANING	CLUES FROM TEXT & MEANING	CLUES FROM TEXT & MEANING
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____