Women History Month

## MARGARET **HAMILTON**

Reading Comprehension

6. What was Margaret Hamilton awarded in 2016 for her contributions t

#### COMPREHENSION QUESTIONS

ce Medal

DIRECTIONS: CHOOSE THE CORRECT ANSWER.

When was Margaret h a) August 17, 1936

b) September 17, 1946 c) August 17, 1946 d) September 17, 1936 2. Where did Maragret

a) NASA b) Microsoft c) MIT Instrumentation d) IBM

What was Margaret H

software engineering laid the foundation for modern computing. a) Astronaut b) Software engineer In the 1960s, Hamilton joined MIT Instrumentation Laboratory, which later

c) Spacecraft pilot became Draper Laboratory, to work on the Apollo space program. Her team d) Navigation specialist was responsible for developing the software for the Apollo Guidance Computer, the onboard computer that controlled the spacecraft's guidance

What is the name of Margaret Hamilton? a) Apollo Control Comp b) Lunar Module Comp

c) Apollo Guidance Cor d) Spacecraft Navigat 5. What concept emerge

groundwork for the software engineering discipline. a) Space Engineering b) Hardware Engineeri c) Software Engineeri d) Guidance Engineerin

#### MARGARET **HAMILTON**



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Hamilton's groundbreaking concept of "software engineering" emerged from her work on the Apollo missions. She introduced rigorous development practices, including error detection and recovery mechanisms, that were essential for the reliability and success of the Apollo II moon landing in 1969. Her software innovations became a model for future missions and laid the

Hamilton, a pioneering software engineer whose contributions to computer

Despite the male-dominated nature of the field during that era, Hamilton's leadership and expertise earned her recognition as one of the most influential

software engineers Medal of Freedom b contributions to the As we celebrate Wo young minds to explc that innovation know.

and navigation systems.

### READING PASSAGES WITH TEXT DEPENDENT QUESTIONS

### MARGARET HAMILTON



In our journey through Women's History Month, we spotlight Margaret Hamilton, a pioneering software engineer whose contributions to computer-science played a pivotal role in the success of NASA's Apollo missions to the moon. Born on August 17, 1936, in Paoli, Indiana, Hamilton's innovative work in software engineerina laid the foundation for modern compoutina.

In the 1960s, Hamilton joined MIT Instrumentation Loboratory, which later became Draper Laboratory, to work on the Apollo space program. Her team was responsible for developing the software for the Apollo Guidance Computer, the onboard computer that controlled the spacecraft's guidance and navigation systems.

Hamilton's groundbreaking concept of "software engineering" emerged from her work on the Apollo missions. She introduced rigorous development practices, including error detection and recovery mechanisms, that were essential for the reliability and success of the Apollo I moon landing in 1969. Her software innovations became a model for future missions and laid the aroundwork for the software enaineerina discipline.

Despite the male-dominated nature of the field during that era, Hamilton's leadership and expertise earned her recognition as one of the most influential software engineers in history. In 2016, the was awarded the Presidential Medal of Freedom by President Barack Obama for her outstanding contributions to the Apollo program.

As we celebrate Women's History Month, Margaret Hamilton's legacy inspires young minds to explore the vast frontier of computer science, reminding them that innovation knows no gender and that anyone can shape the future of technology.

## Ready to Print

#### COMPREHENSION OUESTIONS

- 6. What was Margaret Hamilton awarded in 2016 for her contributions to the
- Apollo program?
- a) Nobel Prize in Physics b) Turing Award
- c) Presidential Medal of Freedom
   d) NASA Exceptional Service Medal
- 7. What did Margaret Hamilton's software innovations become a model for?

#### NSION QUESTIONS

DATE:\_\_\_\_\_\_\_nat recognition did Margaret

ant success of the Apollo

Hamilton work in the 1960s?

E THE CORRECT ANSWER.

tion Laboratory

Hamilton born?

Hamilton's role in the Apollo space program?

st

- 4. What is the name of the computer controlled by the software developed by Margaret Hamilton?
- a) Apollo Control Computer
- b) Lunar Module Computer
- c) Apollo Guidance Computer d) Spacecraft Navigation Computer
- 5. What concept emerged from Margaret Hamilton's work on the Apollo missions?
- a) Space Engineering
   b) Hardware Engineering
- b) Hardware Engineering c) Software Engineering
- d) Guidance Engineering

#### **ANSWERS**

- La) August 17, 1936

  2 c) MIT Instrumentation Laboratory
  3 b) Software engineer
  4 c) Apollo Guidance Computer
  5 c) Software Engineer
- Se ) Software Computer
  Se ) Software Signature
  Se ) Presidential Media of Freedom
  7. c) Future space missions
  8. c) Presidential Media of Freedom
  9. c) Apollo Il moon landing
  0. c) Her contributions were pivotal in the suc

## READING COMPREHENSION

# CLOSE READING GRAPHIC ORGNIZERS INCLUDED

