



Women History Month

MALALA YOUSAFZAI

Reading Comprehension



Name _____ Date _____

MALALA YOUSAFZAI

Comprehension Questions

DIRECTIONS: CHOOSE THE BEST ANSWER.

1. When was Malala born?

- a. July 12, 1986
- b. July 12, 1997
- c. July 12, 1988
- d. July 12, 1999

2. In what region was Malala born?

- a. Lahore, Pakistan
- b. Islamabad, Pakistan
- c. Swat Valley, Pakistan
- d. Karachi, Pakistan

3. What did Malala do for her education?

- a. Ran a restaurant
- b. Ran a school
- c. Worked as a doctor
- d. Joined the military

4. How did Malala die?

- a. Through social media
- b. Through a class
- c. Through public speaking
- d. Through diplomacy

5. What major event was Malala involved in?

- a. Nobel Prize
- b. Establishment of the Taliban
- c. Violent attack
- d. United Nations


6. After the attack, Malala was hospitalized in _____.

- a. Pakistan
- b. United Kingdom

_____ is the primary focus of the Malala Fund. _____ theme for women _____ for equality in the workplace. _____ quality education for _____ some the young _____

MALALA YOUSAFZAI

The courageous young advocate for girls' education who became the youngest Nobel Prize laureate. Malala's story is one of resilience, bravery, and unwavering commitment to equality and education.



EARLY LIFE
Malala Yousafzai was born on July 12, 1997, in Mingora, Pakistan. She grew up in the Swat Valley, a region known for its scenic beauty but also for the presence of the Taliban, a militant group that sought to impose strict Islamic laws.

Despite the challenges of living in a region where girls' education was restricted, Malala's father, Ziauddin Yousafzai, ran a school and encouraged Malala to pursue her education. Malala was deeply passionate about learning and advocating for the rights of girls to attend school.

ADVOCACY FOR GIRLS' EDUCATION
From a tender age, Malala fearlessly confronted the Taliban's oppressive agenda aimed at depriving girls of their right to education. Through a clandestine blog for 88-year-old under-Taliban rule, shedding light on girls like herself and advocating for Malala's unwavering determination, education plays in empowering girls.

NO-PREP & EDITABLE

ATTACK
In a heart-wrenching event on October 9, 2012, Malala was shot in the head during an attack on her school. From school, she survived the severity of her injuries, Malala defied the odds and survived, a testament to her resilience and strength.

Following the attack, she underwent intensive medical care and rehabilitation in the United Kingdom, where her remarkable journey of recovery began.

_____ born, and what _____ novel _____ "No Prep" can _____ n? _____ ing s _____

_____ and how did the cor _____

READING PASSAGES WITH TEXT DEPENDENT QUESTIONS

Ready to Print

MALALA YOUSAFZAI

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EARLY LIFE

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Despite the challenges of living in a region where girls' education was restricted, Malala's father, Ziauddin Yousafzai, ran a school and encouraged Malala to pursue her education. Malala was deeply passionate about learning and advocating for the rights of girls to attend school.

ADVOCACY FOR GIRLS' EDUCATION

From a tender age, Malala fearlessly confronted the Taliban's oppressive agenda aimed at depriving girls of their right to education. Through a clandestine blog for BBC Urdu, she bravely chronicled her life under Taliban rule, shedding light on the dire circumstances faced by girls like herself and advocating passionately for their right to learn. Malala's unwavering determination underscored the critical role education plays in empowering girls and challenging systemic injustices.

ATTACK AND RECOVERY

In a harrowing turn of events in October 2012, Malala became the target of a vicious attack by the Taliban, sustaining a gunshot wound to her head while on her way home from school. Despite the severity of her injuries, Malala defied the odds and survived, a testament to her resilience and strength.

Following the attack, she underwent intensive medical care and rehabilitation in the United Kingdom, where her remarkable journey of recovery began.



READING COMPREHENSION

Name _____ Date _____

MALALA YOUSAFZAI

Comprehension Questions

DIRECTIONS: CHOOSE THE CORRECT ANSWER.

1. When was Malala Yousafzai born?

- July 12, 1996
- July 12, 1997
- July 12, 1998

ADVOCACY

Malala's dedication to her cause only made her more determined. Through a powerful display of resilience, she established the beacon of hope for girls worldwide, striving to secure life, and quality education for all. Malala emerged as an advocate, amplifying her message on the world stage and engaging with leaders across the United Nations and other international organizations, cementing her efforts towards ensuring every girl's right to

IMPACT

Malala's influence reaches well beyond the recognition she has received through awards and accolades. Her story serves as a source of inspiration for millions worldwide, encouraging people to advocate for the rights of girls and women. Through her unwavering courage and determination, Malala has initiated crucial discussions on the transformative potential of education in shaping lives and communities. Her impact resonates deeply, motivating individuals to stand up for equality and the pursuit of education for all.

LEGACY

Malala Yousafzai's lasting legacy serves as a poignant reminder of the significance of courageously standing up for one's beliefs, particularly in the face of adversity. Through her unwavering advocacy, she has successfully drawn attention to the formidable barriers that girls encounter in their pursuit of education, sparking positive changes globally. Malala's narrative remains a powerful source of inspiration for upcoming generations, motivating them to actively contribute to the ongoing fight for equality and justice on a broader scale.

up?

Yousafzai, Malala, to encourage

education under Taliban

20

Answer

MULTIPLE-CHOICE QUESTIONS:

- July 12, 1997
- Swat Valley, Pakistan
- BBC Urdu
- Through a clandestine blog for BBC Urdu
- United Kingdom
- 2012
- Years of free, safe, and quality education
- TIME magazine's 100 most influential people
- The significance of standing up for one's beliefs

EXPLANATORY QUESTIONS:

- Malala Yousafzai was born in Mingora, Pakistan, in the Swat Valley, known for its scenic beauty but also for the presence of the Taliban, a militant group that sought to impose strict Islamic laws.
- Malala's father, Ziauddin Yousafzai, ran a school and encouraged Malala to pursue her education despite the restrictions in the region where girls' education was restricted.
- In October 2012, Malala became the target of a vicious attack by the Taliban, sustaining a gunshot wound to her head while on her way home from school.
- Malala underwent intensive medical care and rehabilitation in the United Kingdom, where her remarkable journey of recovery began.
- Malala received the Nobel Peace Prize in 2014, becoming the youngest laureate. She was also honored with numerous other awards and accolades for her advocacy.
- Malala's narrative remains a powerful source of inspiration for upcoming generations, motivating them to actively contribute to the ongoing fight for equality and justice on a broader scale.

Name _____ Date _____

MALALA YOUSAFZAI

Comprehension Questions

DIRECTIONS: CHOOSE THE CORRECT ANSWER.

1. When was Malala Yousafzai born?

- July 12, 1996
- July 12, 1997
- July 12, 1998
- July 12, 1999

2. In what region did Malala Yousafzai grow up?

- Lahore, Pakistan
- Islamabad, Pakistan
- Swat Valley, Pakistan
- Karachi, Pakistan

3. What did Malala's Father, Ziauddin Yousafzai, do to encourage her education?

- Ran a restaurant
- Ran a school
- Worked as a doctor
- Joined the military

4. How did Malala advocate for girls' education under Taliban rule?

- Through social media campaigns
- Through a clandestine blog for BBC Urdu
- Through public protests
- Through diplomatic channels

5. What major event occurred in October 2012 that had a significant impact on Malala's life?

Malala was shot in the head by a Taliban gunman while returning from school in the Swat Valley region of Pakistan.

_____ in October 2012 that had a significant impact on Malala's life?

_____ by a Taliban gunman while returning from school in the Swat Valley region of Pakistan.

_____ Malala undergo medical care and recovery in the United States and then return to Pakistan.

_____ Malala's father, Ziauddin Yousafzai, encouraged her education and she became a prominent advocate for girls' education in Pakistan and globally.

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- 7. What is the primary focus of the Malala Fund?**
- Healthcare for women
 - Gender equality in the workplace
 - 12 years of free, safe, and quality education for all
 - Environmental conservation

8. Did Malala become the youngest-ever recipient of the Nobel Peace Prize?

9. What recognition did Malala receive, solidifying her as a global figure?

Malala was named one of the world's most influential people by Time magazine in 2012 and 2013.

10. What is Malala's legacy serve as a reminder of?

Malala's legacy serves as a reminder of the importance of religious conformity, the significance of standing up for one's beliefs, the necessity of military intervention, and the need for stricter laws in regions like Swat Valley.

EXTENSION QUESTIONS:

11. How was Malala Yousafzai born, and what challenges did she face growing up in that region?

Malala was born in the Swat Valley region of Pakistan, where she faced challenges due to the Taliban's ban on girls' education.

12. How did Malala's Father, Ziauddin Yousafzai, contribute to her education despite the restrictive environment?

Ziauddin Yousafzai encouraged Malala's education and supported her activism, even when it was dangerous.

13. What significant event occurred in October 2012 that marked a turning point in Malala's life?

Malala was shot in the head by a Taliban gunman while returning from school in the Swat Valley region of Pakistan.

14. How did Malala's father, Ziauddin Yousafzai, contribute to her education despite the restrictive environment?

Ziauddin Yousafzai encouraged Malala's education and supported her activism, even when it was dangerous.

15. What notable achievements and recognitions did Malala Yousafzai receive for her advocacy work, and how did she continue to make an impact globally?

Malala received the Nobel Peace Prize in 2014 and was named one of the world's most influential people by Time magazine in 2012 and 2013.

Answers Key

MULTIPLE-CHOICE QUESTIONS:

- July 12, 1997
- Swat Valley, Pakistan
- Ran a school
- Through a clandestine blog for BBC Urdu
- Through public protests
- Through diplomatic channels
- Through social media campaigns
- Through a clandestine blog for BBC Urdu
- Through public protests
- Through diplomatic channels

EXPLANATORY QUESTIONS:

- Malala Yousafzai was born in Mingora, Pakistan. She faced challenges growing up in the Swat Valley region for its strict ban on girls' education. Her father, Ziauddin Yousafzai, encouraged her education and she became a prominent advocate for girls' education in Pakistan and globally.
- Malala's father, Ziauddin Yousafzai, ran a school and encouraged her education despite the Taliban's ban on girls' education. He also supported her activism, even when it was dangerous.
- In October 2012, Malala became the target of a Taliban attack, which severely injured her. She was shot in the head while returning from school in the Swat Valley region of Pakistan.
- Malala established the Malala Fund, aimed at securing 12 years of free, safe, and quality education for all girls worldwide.
- Malala received the Nobel Peace Prize in 2014, becoming the youngest-ever recipient. She was also named one of the world's most influential people by Time magazine in 2012 and 2013.

MCQ'S & QUESTIONS

ANSWER KEY INCLUDED

READY TO PRINT

NO-PREP !

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EDITABLE

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